



Can safe mining residues be used to mitigate the building sand shortage?

- Training of Vietnamese authorities and master's and doctoral training
 - Workshops and Final Conference

- Radiological, chemical and soil mechanical characterization of the NORM residues from the titanium ore processing
 - Life cycle assessments

- Comparison of the legal and normative bases
- Catalogue of possible applications of NORM residues
- Development of quality assurance and measurement routines and SOPs for the NORM residues

Options for NORM utilization & implementation mechanisms



Environmental assessments of mining & utilization options

- Database
- Economic feasibility study including market analysis and risk analysis
 - Life Cycle Sustainability Assessment
 - Guideline "Cleaner Production in Titanium Ore Mining in Vietnam"

- Titanium Extraction**
- How to ensure radiological protection?
 - How to close material loops?
 - How to increase recycling and resource efficiency?
 - How to make resource extraction more sustainable?
 - How to reuse NORM residues?

- Industrial University Ho Chi Minh City
- Institute of Public Health
- Vietnam Atomic Energy Institute, Institute of Nuclear Science and Technology



- G.E.O.S Freiberg/ WISUTEC GmbH
- IAF Radioökologie GmbH
- University of Applied Sciences Magdeburg-Stendal



Process engineering implementation of suitable disposal and recycling options

- Identification & assessment of options
- Selection of binders
- Method development
- Test program for the proof of long-term stability
- Immobilization / Integration of NORM residues in building materials



- **Contact Vietnam:**
 Assoc. Prof. Dr. Le Hung Anh
 Director
 Institute for the Environmental Science, Engineering & Management
 Industrial University of Ho-Chi-Minh City
 lehunganh@iuh.edu.vn

- **Contact Germany**
 Prof. Dr. Petra Schneider
 Department of Water, Environment, Construction and Safety
 University of Applied Sciences Magdeburg-Stendal
 petra.schneider@h2.de

SPONSORED BY THE

Federal Ministry of Education and Research

04//2023 - 03/2027

Funding reference: 033R276A-C

